## Computer-delivered interventions to reduce college student drinking: a meta-analysis

Author(s)

Carey KB, Scott-Sheldon LA, Elliott JC et al.

Published

2009

Publisher

Addicition

Type

Journal article

Volume

104

Issue

11

Page(s)

1807-19

## **Abstract**

AIMS: This meta-analysis evaluates the efficacy of computer-delivered interventions (CDIs) to reduce alcohol use among college students.METHODS: We included 35 manuscripts with 43 separate interventions, and calculated both between-group and within-group effect sizes for alcohol consumption and alcohol-related problems. Effects sizes were calculated for short-term (< or =5 weeks) and long-term (> or =6 weeks) intervals. All studies were coded for study descriptors, participant characteristics and intervention components.RESULTS: The effects of CDIs depended on the nature of the comparison condition: CDIs reduced quantity and frequency measures relative to assessment-only controls, but rarely differed from comparison conditions that included alcohol-relevant content. Small-to-medium within-group effect sizes can be expected for CDIs at short- and long-term follow-ups; these changes are less than or equivalent to the within-group effect sizes observed for more intensive interventions.CONCLUSIONS: CDIs reduce the quantity and frequency of drinking among college students. CDIs are generally equivalent to alternative

alcohol-related comparison interventions.

Web Link

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19744139

View PDF